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ROA Fact Sheet

ROA-F-2013/4

Researchcentrum voor Onderwijs en Arbeidsmarkt | ROA
Research Centre For Education and the Labour Market | ROA

Maastricht University graduate surveys 2013

How well does Maastricht University prepare its students for the labour market? What are the short and medium term career paths of Maastricht University alumni, and how do they look back on their time in Maastricht? This fact sheet presents the most important results of a 2013 survey amongst two cohorts of Maastricht University alumni. The first cohort graduated in the academic year 2006-2007 (six years prior to the survey), and the second in the academic year 2001-2002 (11 years prior to the survey).^{1,2}

Position in the labour market

Six to eleven years after graduation, around 95% of the Maastricht University alumni have paid employment. Of those not currently working, a small percentage are searching for work, which means that overall only around 2% of graduates in both cohorts reported to be out of the labour force. Important reasons for inactivity include participating in further education or to be taking care of children or relatives. Table 1 gives a more detailed overview of graduates' unemployment rates – that is, the proportion who are not currently working but who are searching for work – by cohort and faculty. Overall, 3% of the 2006-2007 cohort and 2% of the 2001-2002 cohort are unemployed.³ It should be noted that a substantial part of this unemployment rate can be regarded as frictional (i.e. just a brief time interval between two jobs). It therefore seems that involuntary unemployment is not an issue in for Maastricht University graduates in general. Minor exceptions to this are Arts and Social Sciences and Law graduates five years after graduation. However, since no such problems appear to exist for the older cohorts from the Law faculty and the high percentage for the younger cohort has not been systematically observed in prior survey years (see Appendix A), the high percentage for this faculty may be a statistical anomaly. All things considered, we can conclude that labour market participation is very high for both cohorts of Maastricht University graduates, and that this usually involves paid employment.

1. For the 2006-2007 cohort, of the 1793 alumni we approached, 31% participated in the survey. Of the alumni from the 2001-2002 cohort, of the 1423 alumni we approached, 31% responded.
2. The reader should keep in mind that the mix of studies offered by Maastricht University the respondents graduated from might vary between the two cohorts.
3. The unemployment rate might also vary within faculties. In case of the faculty Health, Medicine and Life Science the unemployment rate of Medical alumni is 0% for both cohorts, whereas for Health and Life Science alumni the unemployment rate is between 4% and 5%.

Table 1
Unemployment¹

	% unemployed	
	2006-2007	2001-2002
Business and Economics	0	1
Health, Medicine and Life Sciences	3	3
Arts and Social Sciences	6	x
Psychology and Neuroscience	0	0
Law	7	2
Maastricht University	3	2

¹ = too little information about the Faculty of Humanities and Sciences

x = too few cases

Job characteristics

It is important that graduates obtain a good match between their education and the requirements of their job, since this is what mainly determines the extent to which they can use their knowledge and skills. The quality of the education-job match is therefore also positively related to job satisfaction, career opportunities and wages. Table 2a presents the proportion of Maastricht University graduates who show a good horizontal education-job match, that is, who work in jobs for which their own or a related field of study is required.

Table 2a
Horizontal match¹

	field of studie required in current job in relation to own field (%)					
	2006-2007			2001-2002		
	own or related field	completely different field	no specific field	own or related field	completely different field	no specific field
Business and Economics	88	4	8	82	5	14
Health, Medicine and Life Sciences	86	6	8	85	5	10
Arts and Social Sciences	52	16	32	x	x	x
Psychology and Neuroscience	77	10	13	68	11	21
Law	60	18	22	82	7	12
Maastricht University	79	9	13	81	6	13

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With 79% of alumni from the 2006-2007 cohort, and 81% of the alumni from the 2001-2002 cohort working in a good horizontal match, we can say that the view is positive on this indicator. It appears however that considerable differences exist between graduates from the various faculties. Graduates from the Faculties of Business and Economics and Health, Medical and Life Sciences have above average figures for both cohorts. However, within the Faculty of Health, Medical and Life Sciences, a strong distinction exists between the study of medicine and the studies of

Health and Life sciences. More or less self-evidently given their very specific education, Medical graduates are very well matched (100% for both cohorts), but these figures are clearly lower for the graduates of Health and Life Science studies (2006-2007: 81%, 2001-2002 77%). Nonetheless, these percentages are still very close to those for Maastricht University as a whole. Substantially below the university average are the figures for the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences, where 52% of graduates in the 2006-2007 cohort were well-matched in this respect, the 2001-2002 cohort from the Faculty of Psychology and Neuroscience (68%) and the 2006-2007 cohort from the Faculty of Law (60%). In the case of the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences, the vast majority of horizontally mismatched graduates indicated that their work required no specific field rather than a completely different field, indicating that the work domain for graduates of that faculty is rather broad and not defined by specific disciplinary requirements.

Table 2b
Vertical match¹

	% working at university level or higher	
	2006-2007	2001-2002
Business and Economics	93	84
Health, Medicine and Life Sciences	83	82
Arts and Social Sciences	90	x
Psychology and Neuroscience	90	89
Law	82	87
Maastricht University	86	84

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We also look at the vertical match (i.e. whether graduates are working in a job for which a university degree is required), which like the horizontal match is an important indicator of the quality of the fit between education and the job. Table 2b shows that 86% of the respondents who graduated in 2006-2007 and 84% of the respondents who graduated in 2001-2002 were well-matched vertically in their job at the time of the survey. There is again substantial variation between disciplines, especially in the 2006-2007 cohort.⁴ Graduates (2006-2007 cohort) from Psychology & Neurosciences, Business & Economics and Arts & Social Sciences report excellent vertical matching rates of 90% or more. In case of Psychology and Neurosciences this also holds for the graduates from the 2001-2002 cohort. This

percentage is lower, although still quite high, for graduates from the 2006-2007 cohort of the Law and Health, Medicine and Life Sciences faculties school alumni from the 2001-2002 cohort, of whom only 82-83% are employed in a university-level job. These outcomes are highly correlated with degree specificity as well as labour market conditions in the particular field. In all disciplines and for both cohorts, the percentage of graduates with an excellent vertical match increased markedly between the first and the current job.

Income and working hours

At the time of the survey, the median gross income of Maastricht University alumni of 2006-2007 is €3500 per month, and this rises to €4500 for the cohort of 2001-2002 alumni (see Table 3). These numbers closely match the results of previous surveys, although for the younger cohort the median income has dropped slightly, from €3600 per month to €3500 per month. Income patterns across disciplines seem to remain more or less stable, both with respect to previous survey years and in terms of career development. Business and Economics and Law graduates consistently show the highest monthly earnings. The differences are only partly accounted for by the higher working hours of these graduates.⁵

Table 3
Income and working hours¹

	gross income per month (median)		regular working hours per week	
	2006-2007	2001-2002	2006-2007	2001-2002
Business and Economics	4.500	6.000	40	40
Health, Medicine and Life Sciences	3.200	4.038	36	32
Arts and Social Sciences	2.850	x	39	x
Psychology and Neuroscience	2.800	3.550	36	33
Law	3.800	4.900	40	37
Maastricht University	3.500	4.500	38	36

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Job satisfaction

Job satisfaction of Maastricht University graduates is generally high, although it has dropped somewhat compared to last year's survey, especially for the younger cohort. Whereas 79% of the younger cohort was satisfied with their job last year, this has dropped to 73% this year. For the older cohort the drop was small, from 84% to 82%.

4. For the Faculty of Health, Medicine and Life Sciences a strong difference is again visible between the Medical Study (99% of graduates from the 2006-2007 cohort and 100% of the graduates from the 2001-2002 cohort are matched perfectly in terms of this indicator) and Health and Life Sciences (77% and 73% respectively).

5. The relative low median income of Health, Medicine and Life Sciences graduates is strongly influenced by the relatively low median income of graduates from Health and Life Sciences studies. Medical graduates earn substantially more than Health, Medicine and Life Sciences graduates: 3800 compared to 3200 for the 2006-2007 cohort, and 5200 compared to 3700 for the 2001-2002 cohort. Due to the structure of their career paths, Medical alumni show the biggest income growth between six and eleven years after graduation.

The trends in the proportion of graduates who find that their current job offers good career opportunities are quite different - almost the opposite in some respects - showing a slight decrease from 65% to 62% for the older cohort, and a slight increase from 70% to 73% for the younger cohort.

Table 4
Job satisfaction, career opportunities¹

	% satisfied with job		job offers good career opportunities	
	2006-2007	2001-2002	2006-2007	2001-2002
Business and Economics	73	80	73	73
Health, Medicine and Life Sciences	75	83	59	58
Arts and Social Sciences	60	x	50	x
Psychology and Neuroscience	83	89	57	46
Law	69	80	62	63
Maastricht University	73	82	73	62

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x = too few cases

International orientation of Maastricht University and its graduates

With its international orientation and the fact that English is the main language of instruction in many study programs, Maastricht University attracts an increasing number of international students for all faculties. It is interesting to see whether this international orientation is extended beyond the time of the study in Maastricht, in the form of high proportions of graduates studying abroad. Table 5 shows the percentage of Maastricht University alumni of the various cohorts who are currently working inside and outside the Netherlands, split by faculty. For Maastricht University as a whole, almost one fifth (19%) of the alumni of the 2006-2007 cohort are working in European countries outside the Netherlands, and 4% are working outside of Europe. These percentages drop somewhat for the older cohort, to 15% and 3% respectively. These numbers include foreign students who returned to their home country after graduation.

Table 5
Percentage currently working abroad¹

	2006-2007			2001-2002		
	NL	EU	Other	NL	EU	Other
Business and Economics	50	44	6	62	34	4
Health, Medicine and Life Sciences	91	7	2	91	7	2
Arts and Social Sciences	44	52	2	x	x	x
Psychology and Neuroscience	80	20	0	82	18	0
Law	88	8	5	92	5	3
Maastricht University	77	19	4	83	15	3

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There are large differences between the faculties.⁶ Especially graduates from the School of Business and Economics are internationally active. But the younger cohort of alumni from the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences show a strikingly high propensity to work abroad. No less than 54% of these graduates were working in countries other than the Netherlands. Asked to what extent the education received at Maastricht University prepared them for the international labour market, 42% of the 2006-2007 cohort and 41% of the 2001-2002 cohort responded that they felt prepared to a high or very high extent. For the younger cohort, this represents a considerable drop compared to last year, from 51% to 42%. There are large differences between faculties, which broadly reflect the differences in the proportions working abroad. The School of Business and Economics and the Faculty of Arts and Social Science are the most internationally oriented, with 77%, respectively 56%, of 2006-2007 graduates feeling prepared for the international labour market.

Satisfaction with study at Maastricht University

Finally, alumni were asked to reflect on their time at Maastricht University and assess which choices they would make in retrospect. In the 2006-2007 cohort, 75% of the alumni would again choose exactly the same study at Maastricht University. For the cohort that graduated in the academic year 2001-2002, this proportion was 71%. Table 6 presents the survey results for the three cohorts by faculty.⁷

Table 6
Percentage of alumni who would again choose to study at Maastricht University¹

	2006-2007	2001-2002
Business and Economics	88	75
Health, Medicine and Life Sciences	76	68
Arts and Social Sciences	67	x
Psychology and Neuroscience	76	70
Law	64	75
Maastricht University	75	71

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In line with these findings, 77% of the respondents report that their study at Maastricht University is still (very) useful for their current job. These results are consistent across faculties and cohorts.

6. In case of the Law Faculty, considerable variation exists also within the Faculty between graduates of Dutch Law (Dutch labour market oriented) and graduates of International Law (European labour market oriented).
7. Within the Faculty of Health, Medicine and Life Sciences, graduates of the Medical studies are significantly more satisfied with their study choice in retrospect. 56-70% of the graduates of Health and Life Science would again choose the same study at Maastricht University compared to 89-91% of the Medical graduates.

Appendix A

Table 7
Trends in unemployment¹

	2007 T+5 2000-2001	2008 T+5 2001-2002	2009 T+5 2002-2003	2010 T+5 2003-2004	2011 T+5 2004-2005	2012 T+5 2005-2006	2013 T+5 2006-2007
Business and Economics	0,7	0,5	3,2	2,2	5,4	1,9	0,0
Health and Life Sciences	1,8	1,8	2,4	1,7	2,7	2,1	3,1
Medicine	1,4	1,3	0,0	0,0	1,5	0,0	0,0
Arts and Social Sciences	-	-	-	-	3,8	10,1	5,7
Psychology and Neuroscience	0,0	5,7	1,9	7,0	10,3	4,2	0,0
Law	1,0	0,0	1,2	4,3	5,0	0,0	6,8
Maastricht University	1,1	1,3	2,3	2,5	4,4	2,7	3,2
	2007 T+10 1995-1996	2008 T+10 1996-1997	2009 T+10 1997-1998	2010 T+10 1998-1999	2011 T+10 1999-2000	2012 T+10 2000-2001	2013 T+10 2001-2002
Business and Economics	1,5	0,9	0,0	3,0	2,8	0,9	0,9
Health and Life Sciences	1,9	2,2	0,6	0,6	2,0	1,2	3,1
Medicine	1,9	2,3	0,0	0,0	2,6	1,8	0,0
Arts and Social Sciences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Psychology and Neuroscience	-	-	0,0	0,0	0,0	3,8	0,0
Law	2,4	1,2	0,0	1,5	0,0	6,1	1,6
Maastricht University	2,0	2,0	0,3	1,7	2,0	2,0	2,0

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Research Centre for Education and the Labour Market

P.O. Box 616
6200 MD Maastricht
The Netherlands
secretary-roa-sbe@maastrichtuniversity.nl
www.roa.nl

Maastricht University
School of Business and Economics

Layout

ROA secretary, Maastricht

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Researchcentrum voor Onderwijs en Arbeidsmarkt
Postbus 616
6200 MD Maastricht
T +31 43 3883647
F +31 43 3884914
secretary-roa-sbe@maastrichtuniversity.nl
www.roa.nl

Maastricht University
School of Business and Economics