

Processing of novelty and familiarity in the aging brain

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Propositions related to the dissertation entitled

Processing of Novelty and Familiarity in the Aging Brain

by Monika Toth

Maastricht, 01 February 2022

- 1. Accurate recognition performance depends on experimentally induced memory strength when pre-experimentally unfamiliar items are used. (Thesis)
- 2. The underlying brain processes regarding the late old/new discrimination effects, as shown by the P600, are also evident with pre-experimentally unfamiliar stimuli. (Thesis)
- 3. Healthy aging impairs the correct identification of new visual and verbal items that are pre-experimentally unfamiliar. (Thesis)
- 4. Biperiden is not suitable to mimic age-related recognition memory impairments when pre-experimentally unfamiliar visual and verbal items are used. (Thesis)
- 5. Neurotransmitters other than acetylcholine should be tested for cognitive enhancement. (Impact paragraph)
- 6. Structures of the medial temporal lobe and prefrontal cortex are sensitive to novelty and familiarity. (Not thesis)
- 7. When discrimination demands are equal, stimulus familiarity rather than novelty provides an episodic memory advantage. (Not thesis)
- 8. A good priest learns until his death.