

Intervention strategies in the glycation pathway with methylglyoxal as the primary target

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Stellingen behorende bij het proefschrift Intervention strategies in the glycation pathway with methylglyoxal as the primary target

Mathias Van den Eynde Maastricht, 26 maart 2024

- 1. Dicarbonyl stress is elevated in abdominal obesity and can be normalized by weight loss. *(this thesis)*
- 2. Weight loss by caloric restriction is an efficient way to improve metabolic health and glycemic control and to reduce dicarbonyl stress. *(this thesis)*
- 3. Increased physical activity in older individuals does not lead to a reduction in glycation markers. *(this thesis)*
- 4. Both quercetin and pyridoxamine reduce methylglyoxal. (this thesis)
- 5. Pyridoxamine reduces markers of glycation and endothelial dysfunction, but does not affect insulin sensitivity or vascular function. *(this thesis)*
- 6. Pyridoxamine is a good alternative to existing vitamin B6 treatments based on pyridoxine. *(this thesis)*
- 7. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. (Benjamin Franklin)
- 8. To be a scientist is to be naïve. (HBO, Chernobyl)
- Een robuuste onderzoeksopzet vormt de ruggengraat van klinische trials, maar de kunst zit in het evenwicht bewaren tussen wetenschappelijke ambitie en praktische haalbaarheid.
- 10. Onderwijs en zorg zijn fundamenten van de maatschappij; scholen en ziekenhuizen zouden paleizen moeten zijn.